

<b>STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM</b>		
Name of the module/subject <b>Distributed Measurement Systems</b>		Code <b>1010832121010830993</b>
Field of study <b>Electronics and Telecommunications</b>	Profile of study (general academic, practical) <b>general academic</b>	Year /Semester <b>1 / 2</b>
Elective path/specialty <b>Telecommunication Systems</b>	Subject offered in: <b>Polish</b>	Course (compulsory, elective) <b>elective</b>
Cycle of study: <b>Second-cycle studies</b>	Form of study (full-time, part-time) <b>full-time</b>	
No. of hours Lecture: <b>2</b> Classes: <b>-</b> Laboratory: <b>2</b> Project/seminars: <b>-</b>		No. of credits <b>5</b>
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) <b>other</b>		(university-wide, from another field) <b>from field</b>
Education areas and fields of science and art <b>technical sciences</b> <b>Technical sciences</b>		ECTS distribution (number and %) <b>5 100%</b> <b>5 100%</b>
<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b> prof. dr hab. inż. Waldemar Nawrocki email: nawrocki@et.put.poznan.pl tel. 61653888 Elektroniki i Telekomunikacji ul. Piotrowo 3A, 60-965 Poznan		<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b> dr inż. Michał Maćkowski email: mmackow@et.put.poznan.pl tel. 61653859 Elektroniki i Telekomunikacji ul. Piotrowo 3A, 60-965 Poznań
<b>Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:</b>		
1	<b>Knowledge</b>	Students know fundamentals of telecommunications, circuits theory, electrical metrology and measurement systems on the basic level. Students know basics of programming.
2	<b>Skills</b>	Students can use in laboratory such instruments like multimeters, oscilattots and oscilloscopes. Students can create a software for computer-based measurement systems Students know rules for safe work in a laboratory (K1_U27)
3	<b>Social competencies</b>	1. Students know limitations of their current knowledge and skills; they committed to further self-study. (K1_K01) 2. They are able to participate in collaborative projects. (K1_K02)
<b>Assumptions and objectives of the course:</b>		
To get knowledge of a structure of distributed measurement systems and their components. To get knowledge of interface standards used in distributed measurement systems Rozwinięcie w praktyce laboratoryjnej najważniejszych języków LabVIEW i VEE, wykorzystywanych do programowania rozproszonych systemów pomiarowych. To get knowledge of sensors frequently used in industrial distributed measurement systems: temperaturę sensors and stress sensors		
<b>Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study</b>		
<b>Knowledge:</b>		
1. Students have knowledge concerning fundamentals of computer-based measurement systems, in particular - distributed measurement systems - [-(K2_W1)]		
2. Students have knowledge concerning sensors and devices in distributed measurement systems - [-(K2_W2)]		
<b>Skills:</b>		
1. Students are able to choose a right configuration of a distributed measurement system (DMS). - [-(K2_U01)]		
2. Students are able to choose sensors and other components of a distributed measurement systems (computer, data acquisition card, instruments, interface standard) - [-(K2_U03)]		
3. Students are able to create and to run a distributed measurements system. - [-(K2_U05)]		
4. Students are able for self learning in the future - [-(K2_U7)]		
<b>Social competencies:</b>		
1. Students know limitations of their current knowledge and skills; they committed to further self-study. (K1_K01). - [-(K2_K02)]		

<b>Assessment methods of study outcomes</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Exam.</li> <li>- To pass the full laboratory programme.</li> <li>- Tests of knowledge before experiments in laboratory.</li> <li>- Reports from experiments in laboratory.</li> </ul>		
<b>Course description</b>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>? Meaning of a distributed measurement system (DMS), its structure and components</li> <li>? Dynamics of distributed measurement systems</li> <li>? Signals and interferences in transmission channels of DMS</li> <li>? Distributed systems with a modem in a PSTN telecommunication network under a RS232C standard</li> <li>? Distributed systems with radio modems</li> <li>? Distributed measurement systems with transmission according to IEEE 802.15 standards (Bluetooth, ZigBee)</li> <li>? Data transmission in vehicles: CAN, FlexRay, MOST standards</li> <li>? Sensors for temperature measurements in industrial DMSs</li> <li>? Sensors for stress and pressure measurements in industry</li> <li>? Measurement systems with a GSM transmission</li> <li>? Measurement systems with a LAN network</li> <li>? Components of a monitoring system</li> </ul>		
<b>Basic bibliography:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Measurement Systems and Sensors, Nawrocki W., Artech House, London - Boston 2005</li> <li>2. Rozproszone systemy pomiarowe, Nawrocki W., WKiŁ, Warszawa 2006</li> <li>3. Komputerowe systemy pomiarowe. Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne, Wydawnictwo PP, Poznań 2007</li> <li>4. Practical Data Acquisition for Instrumentation and Control Systems, Park J. Mackey S., Elsevier, 2003</li> </ol>		
<b>Additional bibliography:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Technika pomiarowa, Tumański S., WNT, Warszawa 2007</li> <li>2. Sensory i systemy pomiarowe, Nawrocki W., Wydawnictwo PP, Poznań 2006</li> </ol>		
<b>Result of average student's workload</b>		
Activity	Time (working hours)	
1. Participation in lectures	62	
2. Experiments in a laboratory	25	
3. Reports from laboratory activities	19	
4. Exam	14	
<b>Student's workload</b>		
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	125	5
Contact hours	65	3
Practical activities	70	2